UNITED NATIONS

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General Assembly

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A/49/L.55/Rev.1
14 December 1994

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 40

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Cuba, Egypt, Indonesia, Malaysia, Malta, Senegal, Tunisia and United Arab Emirates: revised draft resolution

Department of Public Information of the Secretariat

The General Assembly,

Having considered the report of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, 1/

Taking note, in particular, of the information contained in paragraphs 70 to 83 of that report,

Recalling its resolution 48/158 C of 20 December 1993,

Convinced that the world-wide dissemination of accurate and comprehensive information and the role of non-governmental organizations and institutions remain of vital importance in heightening awareness of and support for the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people,

Aware of the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization on 13 September 1993 in Washington, D.C., 2/ and of the subsequent implementation agreements, including the Agreement on the Gaza Strip

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 35 (A/49/35).

2/ A/48/486-S/26560, annex.

/...

94-50050 (E) 141294 15/12/94

and the Jericho Area, signed on 4 May 1994 at Cairo, 3/ and their positive implications,

1. Notes with appreciation the action taken by the Department of Public Information of the Secretariat in compliance with General Assembly resolution 48/158 C;

2. Considers that the special information programme on the question of Palestine of the Department of Public Information helps to raise the awareness of the international community on the question and the situation in the Middle East in general, including the achievements of the peace process, and should continue to contribute effectively to an atmosphere conducive to dialogue and supportive of the peace process;

3. Requests the Department, in full cooperation and coordination with the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People, to continue, with the necessary flexibility as may be required by developments affecting the question of Palestine, its special information programme on the question of Palestine for the biennium 1994-1995, with particular emphasis on public opinion in Europe and North America, and, in particular:

(a) To disseminate information on all the activities of the United Nations system relating to the question of Palestine, including reports of the work carried out by the relevant United Nations organizations;

(b) To continue to issue and update publications on the various aspects of the question of Palestine in all fields, including materials concerning the recent developments in that regard and, in particular, the achievements of the peace process;

(c) To expand its audiovisual material on the question of Palestine, including the production of such material;

(d) To organize and promote fact-finding news missions and for journalists to the area, including the occupied territories;

(e) To organize international, regional and national encounters for journalists;

(f) To provide, in cooperation with specialized agencies of the United Nations system, particularly the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, assistance to the Palestinian people in the field of media development.

3/ A/49/180-S/1994/727, annex.

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 40

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Cuba, Indonesia, Malta, Senegal and Tunisia: draft resolution

Peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine

The General Assembly,

Recalling its relevant resolutions,

Recalling also relevant Security Council resolutions, including resolutions 242 (1967) of 22 November 1967 and 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General, submitted pursuant to the request made in its resolution 48/158 D of 20 December 1993, 1/

Convinced that achieving a final and peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine, the core of the Arab-Israeli conflict, is imperative for the attainment of a comprehensive and lasting peace in the Middle East,

Aware that the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples is among the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

Affirming the principle of the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by war,

Affirming also the illegality of the Israeli settlements in the territory occupied since 1967 and of Israeli actions aimed at changing the status of Jerusalem,

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1/ A/49/636-S/1994/1240.

Affirming once more the right of all States in the region to live in peace within secure and internationally recognized borders,

Aware of the mutual recognition between the Government of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the representative of the Palestinian people, and the signing by the two parties of the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements 2/ on 13 September 1993 in Washington, D.C., as well as the subsequent implementation agreements, including the Agreement on the Gaza Strip and the Jericho Area, 3/ signed on 4 May 1994 at Cairo,

Noting with satisfaction the withdrawal of the Israeli army, which took place in the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area in accordance with the agreements reached by the parties, and the initiation of the Palestinian Authority in those areas,

Aware that the United Nations has participated as a full, extraregional participant in the work of the multilateral working groups of the Middle East peace process,

Noting the appointment by the Secretary-General of a Special Coordinator in the occupied territories,

Welcoming the convening of the Conference to Support Middle East Peace in Washington, D.C., on 1 October 1993,

1. Reaffirms the necessity of achieving a peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine, the core of the Arab-Israeli conflict, in all its aspects;

2. Expresses its full support for the ongoing peace process, which began in Madrid, and the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements, as well as the subsequent implementation agreements, and expresses the hope that the process will lead to the establishment of a comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East;

3. Calls for the timely and scrupulous implementation of the agreements reached between the parties towards the negotiation of the final settlement;

4. Stresses the need for:

(a) The realization of the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people, primarily the right to self-determination;

(b) The withdrawal of Israel from the Palestinian territory occupied since 1967;

2/ A/48/486-S/26560, annex.

3/ A/49/180-S/1994/727, annex.

5. Also stresses the need for resolving the problem of the Palestine refugees in conformity with General Assembly resolution 194 (III) of 11 December 1948;

6. Urges Member States to expedite the provision of economic and technical assistance to the Palestinian people during this critical period;

7. Emphasizes the importance for the United Nations to play a more active and expanded role in the current peace process and in the implementation of the Declaration of Principles;

8. Requests the Secretary-General to continue his efforts with the parties concerned, and in consultation with the Security Council, for the promotion of peace in the region and to submit progress reports on developments in this matter.

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 40

QUESTION OF PALESTINE

Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Cuba, Indonesia, Malta, Senegal and Tunisia: draft resolution

Peaceful settlement of the question of Palestine

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Djibouti, Egypt, Malaysia, United Arab Emirates and Zambia

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9 December 1994

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 37 (a)

STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN AND DISASTER RELIEF ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, INCLUDING SPECIAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE: STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF EMERGENCY HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Tunisia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolutions 46/182 of 19 December 1991, 47/168 of 22 December 1992 and 48/57 of 14 December 1993,

Reaffirming also the guiding principles contained in section I of the annex to its resolution 46/182,

Taking note of the relevant decisions of operational agencies, organizations, programmes and funds of the United Nations system concerning their participation in a coordinated response to humanitarian emergencies,

Concerned about the impediments created by natural disasters and other emergencies to the efforts of the affected countries to achieve sustainable development,

Recognizing the increasing need for humanitarian assistance and adequate financial resources to ensure a prompt, timely and effective response by the United Nations to humanitarian and natural disasters and other emergencies, both for relief and for the continuum to development,

Recognizing also the need to strengthen further coordination of humanitarian assistance, in particular in the field, bearing in mind that coordination should be field-oriented,

Welcoming the efforts being undertaken in the Inter-Agency Standing Committee to develop a coherent and complementary approach on the part of the relevant operational and development actors to the continuum-related activities,

Welcoming also the efforts of the Department of Humanitarian Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, in particular in the context of the International Decade for Natural Disaster Reduction, to promote disaster prevention, mitigation and preparedness measures,

Noting the encouraging results of the operation of the Central Emergency Revolving Fund and its increasing utilization by the agencies,

1. Takes note of the reports of the Secretary-General; 1/

2. Takes note of the report of the President of the Economic and Social Council to the General Assembly on the informal consultations he conducted in accordance with Economic and Social Council decision 1994/291 of 27 July 1994;

3. Also takes note of the measures outlined by the Secretary-General in his report 2/ for strengthening field coordination of humanitarian assistance, and acknowledges the need to further develop and strengthen system-wide coordination, including cooperation among operational agencies, the Department of Humanitarian Affairs and non-governmental organizations, in accordance with the provisions of resolution 46/182, to improve the capability for a quick and coordinated response to natural disasters and other emergencies while preserving the non-political, neutral and impartial character of humanitarian action;

4. Further takes note of the measures and procedures recommended by the Inter-Agency Standing Committee regarding the in-country coordinator and, with due regard to the provisions of paragraph 39 of the annex to resolution 46/182, requests the Secretary-General, through the Economic and Social Council in 1995, to report further on the matter, including the implications of those recommendations, taking fully into account the views of Governments on those recommendations;

5. Stresses the need for the Inter-Agency Standing Committee to serve as the primary mechanism for inter-agency coordination under the leadership of the Emergency Relief Coordinator, to meet frequently and to conduct its business in a transparent manner, inter alia, through the prompt dissemination of its conclusions;

6. Acknowledges the need to further develop and strengthen the cooperation between the Department of Humanitarian Affairs and other concerned

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1/ A/49/177-E/1994/80 and Corr.1 and Add.1.

2/ A/49/177-E/1994/80/Add.1, chap. II.

parties to improve the capability for a quick and coordinated response to natural disasters and other emergencies;

7. Notes that the usefulness of the Central Emergency Revolving Fund has been fully recognized by the operational agencies, in particular for enhancing their capacity to address promptly the urgent requirements of the initial phase of natural disasters and other emergencies that require a system-wide response in accordance with resolution 46/182;

8. Recognizes the need to maintain an adequate level of resources in the Central Emergency Revolving Fund, and requests the Emergency Relief Coordinator, when resources fall below this level, to bring the matter to the attention of the States;

9. Requests the Secretary-General to continue taking measures to ensure the availability of resources in the Central Emergency Revolving Fund, inter alia, by encouraging States to reimburse as a high priority projects that have been financed from the Fund and by requiring operational agencies to certify that advances from the Fund have been drawn in accordance with resolution 46/182, establishing the appropriate uses of the Fund;

10. Also requests the Secretary-General to explore the feasibility of seeking in-kind donations to meet early emergency requirements;

11. Recognizes the need to increase the resources available to the Central Emergency Revolving Fund, including through timely repayment of funds, invites potential donors to make additional contributions to the Central Emergency Revolving fund, and requests the Secretary-General to continue consultations to that effect, taking fully into account the need to secure contributions to the Fund on an assured, broad-based and additional basis;

12. Invites the Secretary-General to further pursue efforts to improve and adjust the technical and procedural functioning of the Central Emergency Revolving Fund and to explore ways and means for strengthening the complementarity between the Fund and the individual emergency funds of operational agencies;

13. Calls upon States to respond quickly and generously to consolidated appeals for humanitarian assistance, taking into account the need for rapid-response funding as well as rehabilitation and long-term assistance requirements;

14. Urges all concerned operational and humanitarian organizations and agencies to cooperate and participate fully in the preparation of the consolidated appeals in order to ensure the prompt launching of such appeals, based on specific priorities;

15. Requests that in preparing appeals the Department of Humanitarian Affairs and the agencies highlight funds borrowed from the Central Emergency Revolving Fund and indicate which projects those borrowed funds supported;

16. Stresses the responsibility of organizations having drawn from the Central Emergency Revolving Fund to reimburse the Fund in the first instance from the voluntary contributions received in response to consolidated appeals, and urges that resources advanced by the Fund be reimbursed fully and in a timely manner;

17. Endorses the recommendation of the Inter-Agency Standing Committee that the arrangement for financing rapid-response coordination from the interest earned by the Central Emergency Revolving Fund should be continued;

18. Urges all operational agencies to collaborate fully with the Department of Humanitarian Affairs, particularly in the early phase of an emergency, in providing sufficient financial and human resources for rapid coordination arrangements in order to enhance the rapid-response capability of the system as a whole;

19. Stresses the need to create a sound and stable financial basis for the Department of Humanitarian Affairs, and invites the Secretary-General to explore all solutions to achieve an adequate level of financing from the regular budget;

20. Welcomes the adoption of the Convention on the Safety of United Nations and Associated Personnel.

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Agenda item 37 (a)

STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN AND DISASTER RELIEF ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, INCLUDING SPECIAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE: STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF EMERGENCY HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Russian Federation, Spain, Sweden, Tunisia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Canada, Monaco, Poland, Republic of Korea and Turkey

94-51194 (E) 221294 231294

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General Assembly

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12 December 1994

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 19

ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS TO THE UNITED NATIONS

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, China, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Denmark, Djibouti, Fiji, France, Gabon, Georgia, Germany, Guinea, Iceland, India, Japan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liechtenstein, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Micronesia, (Federated States of), Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Sweden, Tajikistan, Togo, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Vanuatu and Zambia: draft resolution

Admission of the Republic of Palau to membership in the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Having received the recommendation of the Security Council of 29 November 1994 that the Republic of Palau should be admitted to membership in the United Nations, 1/

Having considered the application for membership of the Republic of Palau, 2/

Decides to admit the Republic of Palau to membership in the United Nations.

1/ A/49/722.

2/ A/49/679-S/1994/1315.

94-49647 (E) 121294

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15 December 1994

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 19

ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS TO THE UNITED NATIONS

Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, China, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Denmark, Djibouti, Fiji, France, Gabon, Georgia, Germany, Guinea, Iceland, India, Japan, Kenya, Lesotho, Liechtenstein, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Sweden, Tajikistan, Togo, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Vanuatu and Zambia: draft resolution

Admission of the Republic of Palau to membership in the United Nations

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Antigua and Barbuda, Belgium, Bhutan, Cape Verde, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Finland, Greece, Guatemala, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Mauritius, Netherlands, Norway, Oman, Portugal, Spain, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia and Zimbabwe

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 38

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Algeria, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, Indonesia, Jordan, Malaysia, Mauritania, Morocco, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates and Yemen: draft resolution

Jerusalem

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 36/120 E of 10 December 1981, 37/123 C of 16 December 1982, 38/180 C of 19 December 1983, 39/146 C of 14 December 1984, 40/168 C of 16 December 1985, 41/162 C of 4 December 1986, 42/209 D of 11 December 1987, 43/54 C of 6 December 1988, 44/40 C of 4 December 1989, 45/83 C of 13 December 1990, 46/82 B of 16 December 1991, 47/63 B of 11 December 1992 and 48/59 A of 14 December 1993, in which it determined that all legislative and administrative measures and actions taken by Israel, the occupying Power, which had altered or purported to alter the character and status of the Holy City of Jerusalem, in particular the so-called "Basic Law" on Jerusalem and the proclamation of Jerusalem as the capital of Israel, were null and void and must be rescinded forthwith,

Recalling Security Council resolution 478 (1980) of 20 August 1980, in which the Council, inter alia, decided not to recognize the "Basic Law" and called upon those States that had established diplomatic missions at Jerusalem to withdraw such missions from the Holy City,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 20 October 1994, 1/

1/ A/49/556.

1. Determines that the decision of Israel to impose its laws, jurisdiction and administration on the Holy City of Jerusalem is illegal and therefore null and void and has no validity whatsoever;

2. Deplores the transfer by some States of their diplomatic missions to Jerusalem in violation of Security Council resolution 478 (1980), and their refusal to comply with the provisions of that resolution;

3. Calls once more upon those States to abide by the provisions of the relevant United Nations resolutions, in conformity with the Charter of the United Nations;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its fiftieth session on the implementation of the present resolution.

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 38

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Cuba, Egypt, Indonesia, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates and Yemen: draft resolution

The Syrian Golan

The General Assembly,

Having considered the item entitled "The situation in the Middle East",

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General of 20 October 1994, 1/

Recalling Security Council resolution 497 (1981) of 17 December 1981,

Reaffirming the fundamental principle of the inadmissibility of the acquisition of territory by force,

Reaffirming once more the applicability of the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, 2/ to the occupied Syrian Golan,

Deeply concerned that Israel has not withdrawn from the Syrian Golan, which has been under occupation since 1967, contrary to the relevant Security Council and General Assembly resolutions,

Noting with satisfaction the convening at Madrid of the Peace Conference on the Middle East on the basis of Security Council resolutions 242 (1967) of

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1/ A/49/556.

2/ United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 75, No. 973.

22 November 1967 and 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973, with the hope that substantial and concrete progress will be achieved on the Syrian and Lebanese tracks for the realization of a just, comprehensive and lasting peace in the region,

1. Declares that Israel has failed so far to comply with Security Council resolution 497 (1981);

2. Declares also that the Knesset decision of 11 November 1991 annexing the occupied Syrian Golan constitutes a grave violation of Security Council resolution 497 (1981) and therefore is null and void and has no validity whatsoever, and calls upon Israel to rescind it;

3. Reaffirms its determination that all relevant provisions of the Regulations annexed to the Hague Convention of 1907, 3/ and the Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, continue to apply to the Syrian territory occupied by Israel since 1967, and calls upon the parties thereto to respect and ensure respect for their obligations under those instruments in all circumstances;

4. Determines once more that the continued occupation of the Syrian Golan and its de facto annexation constitute a stumbling-block in the way of achieving a just, comprehensive and lasting peace in the region;

5. Demands once more that Israel withdraw from all the occupied Syrian Golan in implementation of the relevant Security Council resolutions;

6. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its fiftieth session on the implementation of the present resolution.

3/ See Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, The Hague Conventions and Declarations of 1899 and 1907 (New York, Oxford University Press, 1915).

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 38

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Norway, Russian Federation and United States of America: draft resolution

Middle East peace process

The General Assembly,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 48/58 of 14 December 1993 and Economic and Social Council resolution 1994/29 of 27 July 1994,

Stressing that the achievement of a comprehensive, just and lasting settlement of the Middle East conflict will constitute a significant contribution to strengthening international peace and security,

Recalling the convening of the Peace Conference on the Middle East at Madrid on 30 October 1991, on the basis of Security Council resolutions 242 (1967) of 22 November 1967 and 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973, and the subsequent bilateral negotiations, as well as the meetings of the multilateral working groups, and noting with satisfaction the broad international support for the peace process,

Noting the continuing positive participation of the United Nations as a full extraregional participant in the work of the multilateral working groups,

Bearing in mind the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization in Washington, D.C., on 13 September 1993, 1/ and the

1/ A/48/486-S/26560, annex; see Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1993, document S/26560.

subsequent Agreement on the Gaza Strip and the Jericho Area, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the representative of the Palestinian people, at Cairo on 4 May 1994, 2/

Also bearing in mind the Agreement between Israel and Jordan on the Common Agenda, signed in Washington, D.C., on 14 September 1993, the Washington Declaration, 3/ signed by Jordan and Israel on 25 July 1994, the 29 August 1994 agreement on the preparatory transfer of powers and responsibilities, and the Jordan-Israel Treaty of Peace of 26 October 1994,

Welcoming the declaration of the Middle East/North Africa Economic Summit, held at Casablanca from 30 October to 1 November 1994,

1. Welcomes the peace process started at Madrid and supports the subsequent bilateral negotiations;

2. Stresses the importance of, and need for, achieving a comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East;

3. Expresses its full support for the achievements of the peace process thus far, in particular the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the subsequent Agreement on the Gaza Strip and the Jericho Area, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the representative of the Palestinian people, their 29 August 1994 agreement on the preparatory transfer of powers and responsibilities, the agreement between Israel and Jordan on the Common Agenda, the Washington Declaration, signed by Jordan and Israel on 25 July 1994, and the Jordan-Israel Treaty of Peace of 26 October 1994, which constitute important steps in achieving a comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East, and urges all parties to implement the agreements reached;

4. Stresses the need to achieve rapid progress on the other tracks of the Arab-Israeli negotiations within the peace process;

5. Welcomes the results of the Conference to Support Middle East Peace, convened in Washington, D.C., on 1 October 1993, including the establishment of the Ad Hoc Liaison Committee, and the subsequent work of the World Bank Consultative Group, welcomes also the appointment by the Secretary-General of the United Nations Special Coordinator in the Occupied Territories, and urges Member States to expedite economic, financial and technical assistance to the Palestinian people during the interim period;

6. Calls upon all Member States to extend economic, financial and technical assistance to parties in the region and to render support for the peace process;

2/ A/49/180-S/1994/727, annex.

3/ A/49/300-S/1994/939, annex.

7. Considers that an active United Nations role in the Middle East peace process and in assisting in the implementation of the Declaration of Principles can make a positive contribution;

8. Encourages regional development and cooperation in the areas where work has begun within the framework of the Madrid Conference.

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 38

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Norway, Russian Federation and United States of America: draft resolution

Middle East peace process

The General Assembly,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 48/58 of 14 December 1993 and Economic and Social Council resolution 1994/29 of 27 July 1994,

Stressing that the achievement of a comprehensive, just and lasting settlement of the Middle East conflict will constitute a significant contribution to strengthening international peace and security,

Recalling the convening of the Peace Conference on the Middle East at Madrid on 30 October 1991, on the basis of Security Council resolutions 242 (1967) of 22 November 1967 and 338 (1973) of 22 October 1973, and the subsequent bilateral negotiations, as well as the meetings of the multilateral working groups, and noting with satisfaction the broad international support for the peace process,

Noting the continuing positive participation of the United Nations as a full extraregional participant in the work of the multilateral working groups,

Bearing in mind the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine

* Reissued for technical reasons.

Liberation Organization in Washington, D.C., on 13 September 1993, 1/ and the subsequent Agreement on the Gaza Strip and the Jericho Area, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the representative of the Palestinian people, at Cairo on 4 May 1994, 2/ and their 29 August 1994 agreement on the preparatory transfer of powers and responsibilities,

Also bearing in mind the Agreement between Israel and Jordan on the Common Agenda, signed in Washington, D.C., on 14 September 1993, the Washington Declaration, 3/ signed by Jordan and Israel on 25 July 1994, and the Jordan-Israel Treaty of Peace of 26 October 1994,

Welcoming the declaration of the Middle East/North Africa Economic Summit, held at Casablanca from 30 October to 1 November 1994,

1. Welcomes the peace process started at Madrid and supports the subsequent bilateral negotiations;

2. Stresses the importance of, and need for, achieving a comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East;

3. Expresses its full support for the achievements of the peace process thus far, in particular the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the subsequent Agreement on the Gaza Strip and the Jericho Area, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the representative of the Palestinian people, their 29 August 1994 agreement on the preparatory transfer of powers and responsibilities, the agreement between Israel and Jordan on the Common Agenda, the Washington Declaration, signed by Jordan and Israel on 25 July 1994, and the Jordan-Israel Treaty of Peace of 26 October 1994, which constitute important steps in achieving a comprehensive, just and lasting peace in the Middle East, and urges all parties to implement the agreements reached;

4. Stresses the need to achieve rapid progress on the other tracks of the Arab-Israeli negotiations within the peace process;

5. Welcomes the results of the Conference to Support Middle East Peace, convened in Washington, D.C., on 1 October 1993, including the establishment of the Ad Hoc Liaison Committee, and the subsequent work of the World Bank Consultative Group, welcomes also the appointment by the Secretary-General of the "United Nations Special Coordinator in the occupied territories", and urges

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1/ A/48/486-S/26560, annex; see Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-eighth Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1993, document S/26560.

2/ A/49/180-S/1994/727, annex.

3/ A/49/300-S/1994/939, annex.

Member States to expedite economic, financial and technical assistance to the Palestinian people during the interim period;

6. Calls upon all Member States to extend economic, financial and technical assistance to parties in the region and to render support for the peace process;

7. Considers that an active United Nations role in the Middle East peace process and in assisting in the implementation of the Declaration of Principles can make a positive contribution;

8. Encourages regional development and cooperation in the areas where work has begun within the framework of the Madrid Conference.

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Agenda item 38

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Norway, Russian Federation and United States of America: draft resolution

Middle East peace process

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Albania, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Canada, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Ecuador, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Finland, Gabon, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Guinea, Hungary, Iceland, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malta, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Morocco, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Thailand, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and Uruguay

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A/49/
L.61/
Corr.1

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 38

THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

Norway, Russian Federation and United States of America: draft resolution

Middle East peace process

Corrigendum

The fifth and sixth preambular paragraphs should read

Bearing in mind the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization in Washington, D.C., on 13 September 1993, 1/ and the subsequent Agreement on the Gaza Strip and the Jericho Area, signed by the Government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organization, the representative of the Palestinian people, at Cairo on 4 May 1994, 2/ and their 29 August 1994 agreement on the preparatory transfer of powers and responsibilities,

Also bearing in mind the Agreement between Israel and Jordan on the Common Agenda, signed in Washington, D.C., on 14 September 1993, the Washington Declaration, 3/ signed by Jordan and Israel on 25 July 1994, and the Jordan-Israel Treaty of Peace of 26 October 1994,

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Agenda item 161

COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE CARIBBEAN COMMUNITY

Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines and Trinidad and Tobago: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 46/8 of 16 October 1991, by which it granted observer status to the Caribbean Community,

Recalling also that the purposes of the United Nations are, inter alia, to achieve international cooperation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural or humanitarian character,

Recalling further that the Charter of the United Nations provides for the existence of regional arrangements or agencies for dealing with such matters as maintenance of international peace and security as are appropriate for regional action and other activities consistent with the purposes and principles of the United Nations,

Bearing in mind that the Treaty of Chaguaramas, signed at Chaguaramas, Trinidad and Tobago, on 4 July 1973, 1/ which established the Caribbean Community, created a permanent body for intraregional cooperation, consultation and coordination in order to enhance economic, social and cultural development, including the optimum utilization of available human resources for sustainable development,

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1/ United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 946, No. 13489.

Taking into account the reports of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace" 2/ and "An agenda for development" 3/ and the related consultations within the United Nations and regional organizations on those subjects,

Taking note of the communiqué of the fifteenth meeting of the Conference of Heads of Government of the Caribbean Community, held at Bridgetown from 4 to 7 July 1994, 4/

Affirming the need to strengthen the cooperation that already exists between entities of the United Nations system and the Caribbean Community in the areas of economic and social development, as well as of political and humanitarian affairs,

Convinced of the need for the coordinated utilization of available resources to promote common objectives of the two organizations,

1. Takes note of the decision of the heads of Government of the Caribbean Community on the desirability of strengthening cooperation and coordination between the secretariats of the United Nations and the Caribbean Community, as well as their request for the Secretary-General of the Caribbean Community to pursue that matter with the Secretary-General of the United Nations; 5/

2. Invites the Secretary-General of the United Nations to take the necessary measures, in consultation with the Secretary-General of the Caribbean Community, to promote and expand cooperation and coordination between both secretariats in order to increase the capacity of the two organizations to attain their common objectives;

3. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in consultation with the Secretary-General of the Caribbean Community, to promote meetings between their representatives for consultations on policies, projects, measures and procedures that will facilitate and broaden cooperation and coordination between them;

4. Urges the specialized agencies and other organizations and programmes of the United Nations system to cooperate with the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Secretary-General of the Caribbean Community in order to initiate, maintain and increase consultations and programmes with the Caribbean Community and its associated institutions in the attainment of their objectives;

2/ A/47/277-S/24111.

3/ A/48/935.

4/ A/49/229, annex.

5/ See A/49/229, annex.

5. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session a report on the implementation of the present resolution;

6. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-first session the item entitled "Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community".

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Agenda item 161

COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE CARIBBEAN COMMUNITY

Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, and Trinidad and Tobago: revised draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 46/8 of 16 October 1991, by which it granted observer status to the Caribbean Community,

Recalling also that the purposes of the United Nations are, inter alia, to achieve international cooperation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural or humanitarian character,

Recalling further that the Charter of the United Nations contemplates the existence of regional arrangements or agencies for dealing with such matters as international cooperation as are appropriate for regional action and other activities consistent with the purposes and principles of the United Nations,

Bearing in mind that the Treaty of Chaguaramas, signed at Chaguaramas, Trinidad and Tobago, on 4 July 1973, 1/ which established the Caribbean Community, created a permanent body for intraregional cooperation, consultation and coordination in order to enhance economic, social and cultural development, including the optimum utilization of available human resources for sustainable development,

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1/ United Nations Treaty Series, vol. 946, No. 13489.

Taking into account the reports of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace" 2/ and "An agenda for development" 3/ and the related consultations within the United Nations and regional organizations on those subjects,

Taking note of the communiqué of the fifteenth meeting of the Conference of Heads of Government of the Caribbean Community, held at Bridgetown from 4 to 7 July 1994, 4/

Affirming the need to strengthen the cooperation that already exists between entities of the United Nations system and the Caribbean Community in the areas of economic and social development, as well as of political and humanitarian affairs,

Convinced of the need for the coordinated utilization of available resources to promote common objectives of the two organizations,

1. Takes note of the decision of the heads of Government of the Caribbean Community on the desirability of strengthening cooperation and coordination between the secretariats of the United Nations and the Caribbean Community, as well as their request for the Secretary-General of the Caribbean Community to pursue that matter with the Secretary-General of the United Nations; 5/

2. Invites the Secretary-General of the United Nations to take the necessary measures, in consultation with the Secretary-General of the Caribbean Community, to promote and expand cooperation and coordination between both secretariats in order to increase the capacity of the two organizations to attain their common objectives;

3. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in consultation with the Secretary-General of the Caribbean Community, to promote meetings between their representatives for consultations on policies, projects, measures and procedures that will facilitate and broaden cooperation and coordination between them;

4. Urges the specialized agencies and other organizations and programmes of the United Nations system to cooperate with the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Secretary-General of the Caribbean Community in order to initiate, maintain and increase consultations and programmes with the Caribbean Community and its associated institutions in the attainment of their objectives;

2/ A/47/277-S/24111.

3/ A/48/935.

4/ A/49/229, annex.

5/ See A/49/229, annex.

5. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session a report on the implementation of the present resolution;

6. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its fifty-first session the item entitled "Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community".

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COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE CARIBBEAN COMMUNITY

Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, and Trinidad and Tobago: revised draft resolution

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Algeria, Argentin, Austria, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Ecuador, El Salvador, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Ireland, Italy, Kenya, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Netherlands, Nicaragua, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Portugal, Samoa, Seychelles, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sweden, Uganda, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Vanuatu and Venezuela

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COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE CARIBBEAN COMMUNITY

Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, and Trinidad and Tobago: revised draft resolution

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Algeria, Argentina, Austria, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Cambodia, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Denmark, Ecuador, El Salvador, Fiji, Finland, France, Gambia, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Ireland, Italy, Kenya, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Netherlands, Nicaragua, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Portugal, Samoa, Seychelles, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Spain, Sweden, Uganda, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Vanuatu and Venezuela

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Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 10

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON THE WORK OF THE ORGANIZATION

Draft resolution submitted by the President

Financial situation of the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Recalling Article 17 of the Charter of the United Nations,

Expressing its profound concern about the financial situation of the Organization,

Taking note of the views expressed by Member States during the general debate on the financial difficulties of the Organization which have resulted, inter alia, from the failure of Member States to discharge their financial obligations to the Organization in full and on time,

Taking note also of the report of the Secretary-General on the work of the organization 1/ and of his statement to the General Assembly on 12 October 1994 on the precariousness of the financial situation of the Organization, 2/

Noting the views expressed by Member States during the consideration by the General Assembly meeting in plenary on the financial situation of the Organization, under agenda item 10 of the forty-ninth session,

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1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 1 (A/49/1).

2/ See A/49/PV.28.

Aware also that the solution of the serious financial situation of the Organization calls for political efforts,

Reaffirming the role of the Fifth Committee of the General Assembly with regard to budgetary and financial matters and the importance of making every effort to establish the broadest possible agreement in accordance with the practice established in the Fifth Committee and in conformity with Assembly resolution 41/213 of 19 December 1986,

1. Decides to consider additional measures aimed at ensuring a sound and viable financial basis for the Organization;

2. Decides, to this end, to establish a high-level open-ended working group under the chairmanship of the President of the General Assembly and with two Vice-Chairmen;

3. Requests the high-level working group to submit to it, through the Fifth Committee, a report on the progress of its work, with the broadest possible agreement for review before the end of its forty-ninth session.

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ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-ninth session
Agenda item 10

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON THE WORK OF THE ORGANIZATION

Draft resolution submitted by the President

Financial situation of the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Recalling Article 17 of the Charter of the United Nations,

Expressing its profound concern about the financial situation of the Organization,

Taking note of the views expressed by Member States during the general debate on the financial difficulties of the Organization which have resulted, inter alia, from the failure of Member States to discharge their financial obligations to the Organization in full and on time,

Taking note also of the report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization 1/ and of his statement to the General Assembly on 12 October 1994 on the precariousness of the financial situation of the Organization, 2/

Noting the views expressed by Member States during the consideration by the General Assembly meeting in plenary on the financial situation of the Organization, under agenda item 10 of the forty-ninth session,

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* Reissued for technical reasons.

1/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 1 (A/49/1).

2/ See A/49/PV.28.

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/...

Aware of the importance and urgency of securing a viable financial basis for the Organization,

Aware also that the solution of the serious financial situation of the Organization calls for political efforts,

Reaffirming the role of the Fifth Committee of the General Assembly with regard to budgetary and financial matters and the importance of making every effort to establish the broadest possible agreement in accordance with the practice established in the Fifth Committee and in conformity with Assembly resolution 41/213 of 19 December 1986,

1. Decides to consider additional measures aimed at ensuring a sound and viable financial basis for the Organization;

2. Decides, to this end, to establish a high-level open-ended working group under the chairmanship of the President of the General Assembly and with two Vice-Chairmen;

3. Requests the high-level working group to submit to it, through the Fifth Committee, a report on the progress of its work, with the broadest possible agreement for review before the end of its forty-ninth session.